



Location Cards

Cut apart · "Where is the ___?"



bathroom
baño

😊 Where is the bathroom?



hospital
hospital

😊 Where is the hospital?



restaurant
restaurante

😊 Where is the restaurant?



house
casa

😊 Where is the house?



library
biblioteca

😊 Where is the library?



store
tienda

😊 Where is the store?



school
escuela

😊 Where is the school?



park
parque

😊 Where is the park?



bank
banco

😊 Where is the bank?



church
iglesia

😊 Where is the church?



market
mercado

😊 Where is the market?



Direction Cards

Cut apart • commands for giving directions



turn left
doble a la izquierda

😊 Turn left!



turn right
doble a la derecha

😊 Turn right!



go straight
siga derecho

😊 Go straight!



stop
alto

😊 Stop!



cross the street
cruce la calle

😊 Cross the street!



go up
suba

😊 Go up!



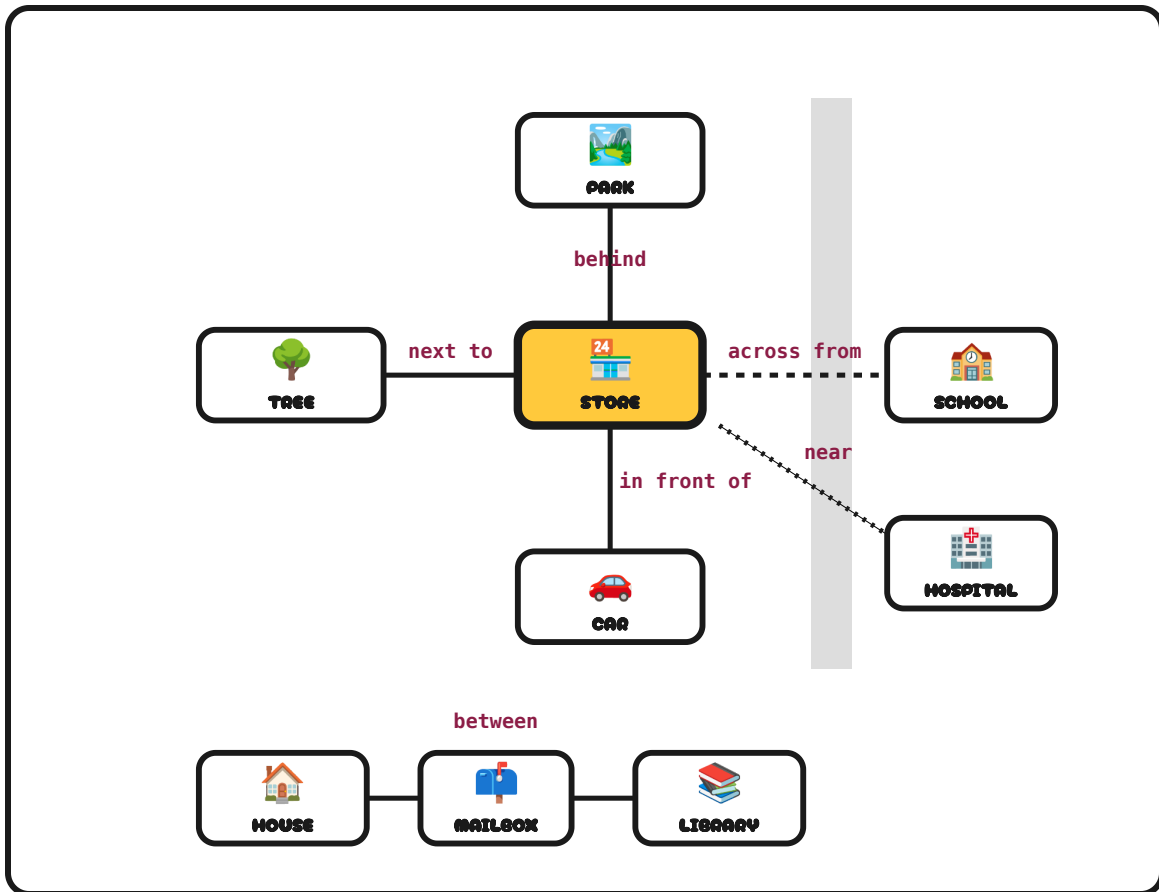
go down
baje

😊 Go down!



Where Is It? / ¿Dónde Está?

Reference chart – every relationship is shown relative to the store



Where Is It? Cards

Cut apart · "It's ____ the store."

next to
al lado de

😊 It's next to the store.

in front of
enfrente de

😊 It's in front of the store.

behind
detrás de

😊 It's behind the store.

across from
frente a

😊 It's across from the store.

between
entre

😊 It's between the store.

near
cerca de

😊 It's near the store.

toward
hacia

😊 It's toward the store.



Andean Landmarks / Puntos de Referencia

How directions really work in Andean towns and rural areas

People give directions using **visible landmarks** — the main plaza, the church, a bridge, a mountain pass — much more than official street names or "north/south." Because the terrain is so steep, directions almost always include **subir** (go up) or **bajar** (go down) alongside left/right.

Town Landmarks



the plaza
la plaza

😊 Where is the plaza?



the bus terminal
el terminal de buses

😊 Where is the bus terminal?



the soccer field
la cancha

😊 Where is the soccer field?



the bridge
el puente

😊 Where is the bridge?



Rural & Mountain Landmarks

Cut apart · "Where is ____?"



the mountain pass
el abra

😊 Where is the mountain pass?



the fork in the road
la Y

😊 Where is the fork in the road?



the curve
la curva

😊 Where is the curve?



the cemetery
el cementerio

😊 Where is the cemetery?



the stone marker
la apacheta

😊 Where is the stone marker?



the river
el río

😊 Where is the river?



the ravine
la quebrada

😊 Where is the ravine?



the tower
la antena

😊 Where is the tower?



Asking & Giving Directions Cards

Cut apart · practice asking and answering

🧑 ¿Dónde está la biblioteca?

😊 Where is the library?

🧑 Doble a la izquierda en la esquina.

😊 Turn left at the corner.

🧑 Doble a la derecha en la calle Main.

😊 Turn right on Main Street.

🧑 Siga derecho dos cuadras.

😊 Go straight two blocks.

🧑 Estará a su derecha.

😊 It will be on your right.

🧑 Estará a su izquierda.

😊 It will be on your left.

🧑 El banco está al lado de la tienda.

😊 The bank is next to the store.

🧑 La escuela está frente al parque.

😊 The school is across from the park.

Direction Songs

Pre-teach the vocabulary, then sing and dance together



Mokey Pokey

Pre-teach: **hand, foot, head, in, out, shake it, turn around**. Then do the song and actions together — reviews body parts and directions at once.

Song: youtube.com/watch?v=B7sEtc326kM (also embedded in the digital practice tool's Direction Songs tab).



Cupid Shuffle

Pre-teach: **right, left, walk it out, kick, hop, shuffle** — reuses the same turn right / turn left vocabulary from the Directions cards! Do the dance together once trainees know the words.

Song: youtube.com/watch?v=uPna1dIeUHQ (also embedded in the digital practice tool's Direction Songs tab).



Simon Says & Obstacle Course

Reference for the two active directions games

Simon Says

Play Simon Says using the direction commands: "Simon says, turn left!" / "Simon says, go straight!" / "Turn right!" (no "Simon says" — don't move!). The digital practice tool's Simon Says tab can call out random commands (including trick rounds) for you to read aloud.

Directions Obstacle Course

Set up an obstacle course using chairs and other objects, with a clear starting point and end point. In partners, have one student direct the other through the course to the end using the directions they've learned ("turn left," "go straight," "stop"). Time each pair to see who can complete the course fastest.



Matching Memory Game

Write each location word on two slips of paper, then tape them face-down on the wall (or lay face-down on the floor) in a grid, with a "You Are Here" starting point.

Location words (write each one twice)

bathroom

hospital

restaurant

house

library

store

school

park

bank

church

market

How to play: Mark a "You Are Here" starting spot. Split into two teams. One team directs the teacher (or a student) from the start to a paper using directions — "Turn left/right," "Go straight ___ blocks," "It will be on your left/right." Turn that paper over. Have the other team direct to a second paper. If the two papers match, that team scores a point. Continue alternating teams. Most matches at the end wins.



Scavenger Hunt

Practice next to / behind / in front of with real classroom objects

Teach the names of a few classroom objects first. Put students in teams of two. Show students which objects you will hide, and explain that when they find an object, they should **not touch it** — instead, they must remember where it is ("next to the door," "behind the chair," "in front of the window") and run to tell the teacher.

While students close their eyes, hide the objects around the classroom (or outside). Students then search for the objects and report their locations using the sentence frames they've learned. The first team to find all the objects and correctly describe where each one is wins.



Teacher Answer Key & Notes

Keep this page for yourself – not for students

Town Map (digital tool): The practice tool's Town Map tab is a click-and-explore introduction to the location vocabulary — tapping a building speaks the English word and shows a simple English definition plus the Spanish translation and an example sentence. Good as a warm-up before the location flashcards.

Where Is It? diagram: Every relationship (next to, behind, in front of, across from, between, near) is shown relative to the same reference building (the store), so trainees can compare all six at a glance. "Between" needs a third object, so it has its own small example row at the bottom.

Andean Landmarks: This region relies on visible landmarks — the plaza, the church, a bridge, a mountain pass — far more than street names or cardinal directions, and steep terrain means "go up" (suba) / "go down" (baje) matter as much as left/right. Teach these alongside the standard Locations set, not as a replacement for it — both come up in real conversation, urban and rural.

"Give Directions!" generator: The digital practice tool alternates between two styles: a "town" route with a real Ecuadorian street name and a block count ("Turn right on Calle Sucre. Go straight two blocks. The library will be on your right."), and a "rural" route using elevation and landmarks ("Go up toward the river. Turn right at the curve.") — good for repeated oral practice of both real-world patterns.

Left/Right Songs: See the Direction Songs page for the Hokey Pokey and Cupid Shuffle — both reinforce left/right vocabulary through movement.

Giving/Following Directions: Simon Says, the Directions Obstacle Course, and the Matching Memory Game (see their dedicated pages) all build the same skill — producing and following direction commands — through progressively more independent practice.

Next to, Behind, In Front Of: See the Scavenger Hunt page for a hands-on practice activity using real classroom objects.

Vocabulary Taught

Locations: bathroom, hospital, restaurant, house, library, store, school, park, bank, church, market

Directions: turn left, turn right, go straight, stop, cross the street, go up, go down

Location words: next to, in front of, behind, across from, between, near, toward

Town landmarks: the plaza, the bus terminal, the soccer field, the bridge

Rural/mountain landmarks: the mountain pass, the fork in the road, the curve, the cemetery, the stone marker, the river, the ravine, the tower